

Botanical Name: Agave 'Blue Glow'

Common Name: Blue Glow' Century Plant Family: Agavacea

Type of Plant: Monocot: succulent, monocarpic Character: Evergreen

Habit of Growth:

Overall Shape Small, single-clump forming Agave, dense whorl of succulent, thick, rigid, chalky blue-green leaves with spiny tip. Compact and beautiful small Agave.

Height: 1-2' Spread: 2-3' Growth Rate: Slow

Environment:

Exposure Full sun, but will take very light shade

Soil Any well-draining soil

Hardiness Zones 13, 19-24, H1, H2

Morphology:

Leaves Leaves 18" - 24" long and 1 1/2" wide, each leaf having a thin red & yellow margin and a sharp pointed red terminal tip, leaf margins are beautiful backlit by sun.

Flowers Large 10 ft tall stalk, yellow flowers flowers when 10 or more years old. Dies after flowering

Fruit Flat disc enclosed in capsule, may not produce plants true to type

Propagation: Coring to force pups, bulbils on flower stem

Usage: Small specimen or focal point; dry gardens and desert landscapes; for leaf color & form; in containers, masses, on slopes. Plant where leaves can be backlit by sun

Landscape Care:

Watering Little water required when established, occasionally supplement in summer

Fertilizing None

Pruning Remove dead leaves only

Pests/Diseases Agave weevil, fungus in less than optimum conditions

Other _____

Origin: Hybrid between Agave attenuata & Agave ocahui, by Kelly Griffin, Rancho Soledad Nurseries, Rancho Santa Fe, CA