

Botanical Name: Aloe striata

Common Name: Coral Aloe Family: Aloaceae

Type of Plant: Monocot-succulent Character: Evergreen

Habit of Growth:

Overall Shape Nearly stemless, clumping succulent, forming rosettes of flat, fleshy leaves; spreads slowly by surface stems

Height: 18"-2' Spread: To 2' Growth Rate: Moderate

Environment:

Exposure Full sun to light shade

Soil Any well drained soil

Hardiness Sunset Zones 8-9, 12-24

Morphology:

Leaves Fleshy, flattened, pointed, upright, light green to pinkish(in full sun) with reddish margins

Flowers Coral to orange-red, on stalks, held well above foliage; late winter-spring

Fruit Green, multilocular

Propagation: By seed, or by dividing clumps

Usage: Striking form and textural accent; dry or desert gardens, attractive leaf color and brilliant flowers; rock gardens; containers

Landscape Care:

Watering Drought tolerant but appreciates moderate water

Fertilizing None

Pruning Remove spent flower stalks or dead leaves

Pests/Diseases Snails and slugs

Other

Origin: South Africa