

Botanical Name: Lavandula angustifolia

Common Name: English lavender

Type of Plant: dicot: perennial Character evergreen

Habit of Growth:

Overall Shape dense, rounded plant with grayish, fragrant foliage -  
fairly upright and woody when full grown

Height 3' - 4' Spread 3' - 4' Growth Rate moderate

Environment:

Exposure outdoors full sun

Soil needs good drainage

Hardiness hardy: zones 4-24

Morphology:

Leaves linear, to 2" long, silvery, tomentose when young - turning  
green

Flowers spikes of 4" long of tiny purple flowers, 1/4" across,  
in summer to fall

Fruit tiny nutlet

Propagation: stem cuttings

Usage: useful in borders for foliage and form - used in perfumes  
and sachets; good in herb gardens, rock gardens - can be sheared as a low  
hedge or knot garden subject

Landscape Care:

Watering drought tolerant when established

Fertilizing balanced, slow-release at planting

Pruning head back for bushy, compact growth

Pests/Diseases none

Special Conditions dwarf and extra-silvery varieties available

Origin: N. Europe Family: Labiatae