

Botanical Name: Lavandula 'Goodwin Creek Gray'

Common Name: Goodwin Creek lavender

Type of Plant: dicot: perennial Family Lamiaceae

Habit of Growth:

Overall Shape A dense, compact shrubby lavender growing into a nearly rounded mass of silvery gray foliage topped by dark purple flower spikes

Height 2' to 3' Spread 3' to 4' Growth Rate moderate

Environment:

Exposure outdoors full sun to partial shade

Soil any soil with adequate drainage

Hardiness Hardy (zones 8,9 12-24)

Morphology:

Leaves silvery nearly linear leaves feature a few coarse teeth on the margins near the leaf tips; leaves to 1-1/2" long, 1/4" across

Flowers deep violet-blue flowers purple in relatively dense spikes on short stems; may bloom year-round in milder climates

Fruit small woody capsules

Propagation: stem cuttings

Usage: low facer plant used for vivid flower color and long blooming season; useful in perennial borders, cottage gardens, and mixed with Mediterranean planting areas; deer and insect resistant

Landscape Care:

Watering tolerates low water and high heat but prefers average water; will also tolerate more humidity than most lavenders

Fertilizing slow-release at planting time

Pruning pinch occasionally to remove spent flowers and control size

Pests/Diseases root rot in poorly drained areas

Other _____

Origin: hybrid of L. dentata and L. lanata