

Botanical Name: Ilex cornuta 'Burfordii'

Common Name: Burford holly

Type of Plant: dicot; shrub Character evergreen

Habit of Growth:

Overall Shape fairly dense, upright shrub with stiff, cylindrical form,
becoming wider and softer with age -- cupped, nearly spineless leaves

Height 6-10' Spread 3-5' Growth Rate moderate

Environment:

Exposure outdoors half shade to full sun, very good performer in north exposure

Soil prefers a moist, slightly acid soil

Hardiness hardy (zones 8,9,14-24); best out of desert heat

Morphology:

Leaves pinnate, alternate, ovate to elliptical 2-3" long, dark
glossy green revolute margins, single spine at leaf apex

Flowers tiny white flowers in clusters along branches

Fruit 1/4-1/2" dark red berries in clusters

Propagation: hardwood cuttings, grafting and budding

Usage: dense filler or background shrub effective in forest or

Japanese style landscapes -- good as barrier or in mass plantings, good with

junipers, pines, other conifers -- excellent source of winter berry color

Landscape Care:

Watering needs fairly regular watering

Fertilizing acid fertilizer plus iron in spring

Pruning head back for bushiness; may be sheared

Pests/Diseases aphids, sooty mold, alkali burn, holly leaf miner, scale

Special Conditions watch for chlorosis in heavy soils

Origin: Japan Family: Aquifoliaceae