

Botanical Name: Lonicera hildebrandiana

Common Name: Giant Burmese honeysuckle

Type of Plant: dicot; vine Character evergreen

Habit of Growth:

Overall Shape a fast-growing, vigorous vine, climbing by means of
tendrils; stems become rope-like with age; plant resembles an oversized version
of Lonicera japonica 'Halliana'

Height 20' -40' Spread equal + Growth Rate rapid

Environment:

Exposure outdoors thrives in full sun near coast; may need some shade inland

Soil best in moist, well-composted soils; tolerates most

Hardiness some frost (zones 9, 14-17, 19-24); prefers warm humid site

Morphology:

Leaves pinnate, opposite, on smooth green ropey stems; ovate-oval,
3" - 6" (7") long; glossy, dark green, with conspicuous mid-vein

Flowers tubular, in open clusters, up to 6" - 7" long; white on
opening, turning pale yellow-dull orange; very fragrant; spring-summer

Fruit capsule

Propagation: grafting or semihardwood cuttings in fall

Usage: a large-scale background mass on fences, walls, trellis,
etc. - valued for its glossy foliage and fragrant blooms; can become an accent
vine on arbors if thinned and trained; excellent for tropical or informal
landscapes

Landscape Care:

Watering best with regular irrigation; can tolerate some drought if
the soil is amended with compost

Fertilizing a balanced feeding 1-2 times annually

Pruning thin out old non-blooming stems; control size after
blooming period; remove suckers

Pests/Diseases relatively free

Special Conditions attracts hummingbirds

Origin: Southeast Asia Family: Caprifoliaceae